	Durati	ion: 3hrs				[1	Max Marks: 8	80]
N.B.	(2) At (3) Al	ttempt any	carry equ	tions out o al marks.	of the remain			
Q.1	Solve	any FOUI	₹ 56°					
	a. Wh	at are the fe	eatures of R	eact?				(5)
	b. Wh	at are bene	fits of using	JSON ove	er XML			(5)
	c. List	and Explai	n Session T	racking To	echniques			(5)
	d. Diff	ferentiate b	etween HTN	ML and HT	TML5			(5)
	e. Give	e Character	istics of RL	A				(5)
					- 30			
Q.2	a. Writ	te a JavaSci	ript to check	password	and confirm	password a	are same or no	ot. (10
	b. Exp	lain Servlet	Life Cycle	with neat	diagram.			(10
				35				
Q.3	a. Wha	t is AJAX?	Explain A.	JAX Web	Application r	nodel with	neat diagram.	(10)
	b. Wha	t is JSX? V	Vrite JSX at	tributes wi	ith example.			(10)
Q.4	a. Expl	ain the stru	cture of XN	IL Docum	ents with exa	mple.		(10)
	b. Wha	t is inherita	nce in CSS	? Explain	CSS Animati	on propertie	es.	(10)
			100					
2.5	a. Expl	ain the step	s to connec	t Java App	olication to D	atabase usir	ng JDBC.	(10)
		3.7					t Factorial of 1	number.
						•		(10)
Q.6	a. Expl	ain Docum	ent Object l	Model in d	etail			(10)
	b. Expl	ain <audio< td=""><td>&gt; and <vide< td=""><td>eo&gt; elemen</td><td>ts in HTML5</td><td>with exam</td><td>ple</td><td>(10)</td></vide<></td></audio<>	> and <vide< td=""><td>eo&gt; elemen</td><td>ts in HTML5</td><td>with exam</td><td>ple</td><td>(10)</td></vide<>	eo> elemen	ts in HTML5	with exam	ple	(10)

12348

Time: 3.00 Hrs. Marks: 80	
<ul> <li>N.B.: (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.</li> <li>(2) Attempt any three questions out of the remaining five questions.</li> <li>(3) Assumptions made should be clearly stated.</li> <li>(4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> <li>(5) Assume suitable data whenever required but justify the same.</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>1. a) Differentiate between NFA and DFA.</li><li>b) Compare and contrast Moore and Mealy machines.</li><li>c) Explain variants of Turing Machine.</li></ul>	5 5 5
d) Show that the following grammer is ambiguous : $S \rightarrow aSbS \mid bSaS \mid \epsilon$ .	5
2. a) Convert the following RE into NFA with $\epsilon$ - moves and hence obtain the DFA: $RE = (0 + \epsilon) (10) *(\epsilon + 1).$ b) Consider the following grammer $G = \{V, T, P, S\}, V = \{S, X\}, T = \{a, b\}$ and	10
productions P are: $S \longrightarrow aSb \mid aX$ $X \longrightarrow Xa \mid Sa \mid a$ .	10
Convert the grammer in Greibach Normal Form.	
$\beta$ . a) Construct PDA accepting the language $L = \{ a^{2n}b^n \mid n \ge 0 \}$ . b) Construct TM to check well formedness of parenthesis.	10
(4. a) Design Mealy machine to recognize $r = (0 + 1) * (00 + 11)$ and then convert it to Moore machine.	10
b) Consider the following grammer:  S> i C t S   i C t S e S   a  C> b.	
For the string "ibtaeibta", find the following:  i) Left most derivation,  ii) Right most derivation,  iii) Parse tree,	
iv) Check if the above grammer is ambiguous or not.	10
5. a) Design a Turing machine that computes a function $f(m,n) = m + n$ , the addition of two integers.	10
b) Give the formal definition of pumping lemma for regular language and then prove that the following language is not regular : $L = \{\ 0^m 1^{m+1} \mid m > 0\ \}\ .$	10
<ul> <li>6. Write short note on following (Any two):</li> <li>a) Chomsky Hierarchy.</li> <li>b) Decision properties of regular languages.</li> <li>c) Rice's theorem.</li> <li>d) Definition and working of PDA.</li> </ul>	20

COMP/V/R-19

24/11/12

## Paper / Subject Code: 31922 / Software Engineering

Time: 3 Hours M	arks: 80
Note: 1. Question No. 1 is compulsory 2. Attempt any Three Questions Out of remaining five questions. 3. Draw neat diagrams wherever necessary.	
Q1. Solve any Four  a. Explain the CMM model b. Explain the Requirements model. c. Explain the LOC. d. What are the design principles. e. Explain the software testing process. f. Discuss the different level of DFD.	20
<ul><li>Q2. A. Explain Risk and its types? Explain the steps involved in setting up or gen RMMM plan.</li><li>B. Explain the Spiral model of software development.</li></ul>	erating 10 10
<ul><li>Q3. A. Explain the general format of SRS.</li><li>B. Explain the FP Estimation techniques in details.</li></ul>	10 10
Q4. A. Explain cohesion and Coupling. Explain different types with detailed exan B. Explain the different techniques in white box testing.	10 10
Q5. A. Explain steps in version and change control.  B. Explain software reverse engineering in detail.	10 10
<ul> <li>Q6. Solve any Four</li> <li>a. Compare FTR and Walkthrough</li> <li>b. What are the different types of maintenance?</li> <li>c. What are the design Principles.</li> <li>d. Explain the tracking and scheduling.</li> <li>e. Explain the Scenario based model.</li> <li>f. Compare Scrum and Kanban</li> </ul>	20

COMP 1 R 19
Paper / Subject Code: 31923 / Computer Network

28/1/23

Time: 3 Hours Marks: 80

Note: Q.N. 1 is compulsory. Solve any three from Q.N, 2 to Q.N. 6

Q1. Solve any Four out of Five

(5\*4=20 marks)

- a. Explain the need of layering in reference model for communication and networking?
- b. Explain one bit sliding window protocol.
- c. Explain IPv4 header format with diagram.
- d. Differentiate between TCP and UDP.
- e. What is the need of DNS? Explain DNS Name Space.

Q2. Attempt the following

(10\*2=20 marks)

- a. Explain following transmission medias Twisted Pair, Coaxial Cable (baseband and broadband), Fiber Optic.
- b. What is channel allocation problem? Explain CSMA/CD protocol. Consider building a CSMA/CD network running at 1Gbps over a 1-km cable with no repeaters. The signal speed of the cable is 200,000 km/sec. What is the minimum frame size?

Q3. Attempt the following

(10\*2=20 marks)

- a. Explain Classful and Classless IPv4 addressing.
- b. Explain TCP connection establishment and TCP connection release.

Q4. Attempt the following

(10\*2=20 marks)

- a. Explain Selective Repeat Protocol for flow control.
- b. Explain shortest path (Dijkastra's Algorithm) routing algorithm.

Q5. Attempt the following

(10\*2=20 marks)

- a. A large number of consecutive IP address are available starting at 198.16.0.0. Suppose that four organizations, A, B, C, and D, request 4000, 2000, 4000, and 8000 addresses, respectively, and in that order. For each of these, give the first IP address assigned, the last IP address assigned, and the mask in the w.x.y.z/s notation.
- b. Explain Slow-Start algorithm for TCP's congestion handling policy.

Q6. Attempt the following

(10\*2=20 marks)

- a. Explain DHCP message format and its operation in detail.
- b. Explain ARP protocol in detail.

\*\*\*\*\*\*

COMP V R-19

Paper / Subject Code: 31924 / Data Warehousing & Mining

(3 Hours)

[Total Marks: 80]

Note: 1. Question no.1 is compulsory.

- 2. Attempt any three out of remaining five.
- 3. Assumptions made should be clearly indicated.
- 4. Figures to the right indicates full marks.
- 5. Assume suitable data whenever necessary.

## Q. 1 Solve any four.

(20)

- A Every data structure in the data warehouse contains the time element. Why?
- B In real-world data, tuples with missing values for some attributes are a common occurrence. Describe various methods for handling this problem.
- C What are the various methods for estimating a classifier's accuracy?
- D Explain market basket analysis with an example.
- E Describe K medoids algorithm.
- F Explain CLARANS extension in web mining.
- Q. 2 A Consider the quarterly sales of four companies C1, C2, C3.C4. The dimensions are
  - a) Time
  - b) Shopping category (Men's, Women's, Electronics, Home)
  - c) Company

Create a cube and describe all five OLAP operation.

(10)

B Apply the Naïve Bayes classifier to classify the tuple <Red, SUV, Domestic> For the given dataset below. (10)

Instance no.	Color	Type	Origin	Stolen
1	Red	Sports	Domestic	Yes
2	Red	Sports	Domestic	No
3	Red	Sports	Domestic	Yes
4	Yellow	Sports	Domestic	No
5	Yellow	Sports	Imported	Yes
6	Yellow	SUV	Imported	No
7	Yellow	SUV	Imported	Yes
8	Yellow	SUV	Domestic	No
9	Red	SUV	Imported	No
10	Red	sports	Imported	Yes

11846

Page 1 of 3

## Paper / Subject Code: 31924 / Data Warehousing & Mining

Q.3 A Discuss the different types of attributes.

(10)

- B Suppose that the data mining task is to cluster the following points into 3 clusters .A1(2,10), A2(2,5), A3(8,4), B1(5,8), B2(7,5), B3(6,4), C1(1,2), C2(4,9). The distance function is Euclidean distance .Suppose we initially assign A1,B1,C1 as the center of each cluster respectively, Use the k means algorithm to show only a) the three cluster centers after the first round of execution b) The final three clusters. (10)
- Q.4 A For a supermarket chain, consider the dimensions namely Product, Store, time, promotion. The schema contains the three facts namely units\_sales, dollar\_sales, and cost\_dollars.

Design a star schema and calculate the maximum number of base fact table records for the values given below:

Time period: 5 years

Stores: 300 reporting daily sales

Product: 40000 products in each store (about 4000 sell daily in each store Promotion: a sold item may be in only one promotion in a store on a given day. (10)

B A database has five transactions.

(10)

T100	$\{M, O, N, K, E, Y\}$
T200	{D, O, N, K, E, Y}
T300	{M, A, K, E}
T400	{M, U, C, K, Y}
T500	{C, O, K, I, E}

Let minimum support =3, Find all frequent itemsets using FP-growth algorithm.

- Q.5 A What is web structure mining? Describe page ranking technique with the help of example. (10)
  - B Use agglomerative algorithm using the following data and plot a dendrogram using single link approach. The following figure contains sample data items indicating the distance between the elements. (10)

Item	E	A	C	В	D
E	0	1	2	2	3
A	1	0	2	5	3
C	2	2	0	1	6
B	2	5	1	0	3
D	3	3	6	3	0

## Paper / Subject Code: 31924 / Data Warehousing & Mining

Q. 6 A Apply apriori algorithm on the following dataset to find strong association rules. Minimum support threshold (s = 33.33%) and minimum confident threshold (c = 60%) (10)

T	Items		
Transaction ID	Hot dogs, Buns, Ketchup		
T1 T2	Hot dogs, Buns		
12	Hot dogs, Coke, Chips		
T3 T4	Coke, Chips		
T5	Chips, Ketchup Hotdogs, Coke, Chips		
T6			

B Is Web mining different from classical data mining? Justify your answer.

Describe types of web mining. (10)